

## Possessive articles.

Well, it's not that they are a mystery... you know what they are...

It's just that in Spanish we have a few more because we distinguish between different number and sometimes gender.

my book (masculine singular)	mi libro
my books (masculine plural)	mis libros
my house (feminine singular)	mi casa
my houses (feminine plural)	mis casas

your book (masculine singular)	tu libro
your books (masculine plural)	tus libros
your house (feminine singular)	tu casa
your houses (feminine plural)	tus casas

his/her book (masculine singular)	su libro
his/her books (masculine plural)	sus libros
his/her house (feminine singular)	su casa
his/her houses (feminine plural)	sus casas

our book (masculine singular)	nuestro libro
our books (masculine plural)	nuestros libros
our house (feminine singular)	nuestra casa
our houses (feminine plural)	nuestras casas

your(pl) book (masculine singular)	vuestro libro
your(pl) books (masculine plural)	vuestros libros
your(pl) house (feminine singular)	vuestra casa
your(pl) houses (feminine plural)	vuestras casas

their (masculine singular)	su libro
their books (masculine plural)	sus libros
their house (feminine singular)	su casa
their houses (feminine plural)	sus casas

So basically all have singular and plural and only the ones that end in "o" have feminine. Needless to say, you need to know if the noun you are referring to is masculine or feminine.